



Transitions Plan 2022- 2024





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About the plan



What is the 'Joint Health, Social Care and Education Transitions Strategy'?

A strategy is a big plan. It has been written by the council and the NHS.

The plan is about how we will help young people who need support when they become adults and stop having children's services.

The plan will start in 2022.



What does 'transition' mean?

The law says that you are an adult after your 18th birthday. When you turn 18 support from children's services stops.

You may then be supported by adult health and social care.



Who is the plan for?

Becoming an adult can be really difficult for some people.

You might need extra support with this change if:

- You are a young person looked after by the council
- You have special educational needs or a disability

 You are a young adult supported by adult health and/or social care.

What the plan says



The **Transitions** plan says that we want to help young adults:



Have good relationships.



• Live independently.



Have good health.



 Have a job or be in college and/or university.



To do this:



 Lots of staff from different services and organisations will work together to support you.



- Young people will get help planning for adulthood from the age of 14.
- Young people and families will be given all the information they need to

know.	This will help them to make
good c	hoices.

What we are focusing on

To help young people who move into adulthood we are going to have 5 key priorities:



Priority 1:

Support young people to make informed choices about their future.

Actions to make this happen include:



 Look to make video clips, animation and review what is already available.



 This is to provide key information that will enable young people and families to prepare for adulthood and independent living.



- Publish pictures for Transitions pathway plan for young people and parents. This will include key milestones and stages.
- Publish information on the different teams that may provide















support within the transitions process including the 16+ team and Disabled Children's Services.

- Make sure Service Managers and partners are kept up to date on progress and training opportunities to allow them to support young people preparing for adulthood.
- Organise for a member of the Adults Social Care team or SEND support team to attend future Transitions information days at School provisions.
- Look at possible engagement opportunities with young people and families to make sure our actions reflect their priorities.
- Develop an Easy read version of the Transitions to Adulthood information guide.
- Review the Transitions to Adulthood information guide to make sure this information is still correct.

Priority 2:

Support better outcomes for young people by planning for adulthood from the age of 14.













Actions to make this happen include:

- Develop a method to help find out the future needs of those using services.
- This is to look at the number of young people who may require transitions support.
- Develop a set of information that allows for monitoring of care experienced young people.
- Develop a set of information to help find out those who will require respite support including the type of need and service.
- Review numbers of young people who enter Children's Social Care at a late age. This is to find out what is not working.
- Draft and review case studies based on those being referred to the Joint Solutions panel.

Priority 3:

Find the opportunities to provide a range of good accommodation and services for young people.

Actions to make this happen include:









- Review current spend within Transitions.
- Review those young people with complex needs and find out the gaps in transitions process.



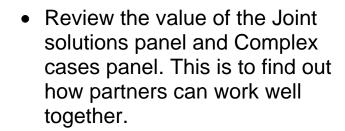


Encourage better joint working between Health and Social care partners.

Actions to make this happen include:



 Work with Service Managers to understand children and Young Peoples Justice Service (CYPJS) Transitions process.



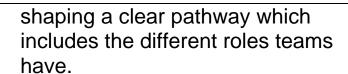


 Find out process of eligibility for Adult Social Care. This includes









- Work with Place and Integrated Neighbourhood Schemes and Family Hubs to ensure there is local information and support available for young people and their families.
- Work with Safeguarding partners to talk about risks and issues as young people transition into Adulthood.





Priority 5:

Provide support for those who will not be eligible for adult social care services.

Actions to make this happen include:

 Make sure there are a range of options of support available to young people.