Indicators that are currently significantly better than the national rate include:

- Dtap / IPV/Hib vaccination coverage (1 year old)
- PCV vaccination coverage (1 year old)
- Dtap / IPV/Hib vaccination coverage (2 years old)
- Hib / MenC booster vaccination coverage (2 years old)
- MMR (one dose) vaccination coverage (2 years old)
- PCV booster vaccination coverage (2 years old)
- MMR (one dose) vaccination coverage (5 years old)
- MMR (two doses) vaccination coverage (5 years old)
- Children in care with up to date immunisations
- New sexually transmitted infections (including chlamydia)
- Family homelessness
- Breastfeeding prevalence at 6-8 weeks after birth
- Hospital admissions for injuries in children aged 0-4 years
- Hospital admissions for injuries in children aged 0-14 years
- Hospital admissions for injuries in young people 15-24 years
- Hospital admissions for mental health conditions
- Hospital admissions for self-harm

Indicators that are currently significantly worse than the national rate include:

- Infant mortality (under 1 year)
- Hepatitis B vaccination coverage (1 year old)
- Chlamydia detection rate / 100,000 (15-24 year olds)
- School readiness....
- GCSE achieved....
- Not in education, employment or training (16-18 year olds)
- First time entrants into the youth justice system
- Children in poverty (under 16s)
- Children in poverty (dependent.....)
- Low birth weight rates
- Obese children aged 10-11 years
- Tooth decay....
• Under 18 conceptions
• Smoking status...
• Breastfeeding initiation
• A&E attendances 0-4 years

**Indicators that are currently similar to the national rate include:**

• Child mortality (1-17 years)
• Children killed or seriously injured in road traffic accidents
• Hepatitis B vaccination coverage (2 years old)
• Hib / Men C booster vaccination coverage (5 years old)
• Children in care
• Obese children aged 4-5 years
• Excess weight in children aged 4-5 years
• Excess weight in children aged 10-11 years
• Children with 1 or more decayed tooth